## **26.66** Digital Divide

Index Score

### 2017 DIGITAL DIVIDE PROFILE

## Chippewa, Wisconsin

The digital divide index score (DDI) ranges between 0 and 100, where a lower score indicates a lower divide. The infrastructure adoption score and the socioeconomic score both in a 0 to 100 range as well contribute to the overall DDI. Listed below each score are the indicators used.

#### Infrastructure/Adoption Score

If this score is much higher than the socioeconomic score, efforts should be made to upgrade the broadband infrastructure.



14.6%

of people without access to fixed broadband of at least 25 Mbps down and 3 Mbps up



18.7%

of households with no internet access



13.7%

of households without a computing device



121.365

average maximum advertised download speed in Mbps



39.740

average maximum advertised upload speed in Mbps

26.49

#### Socioeconomic Score

If this score is much higher than the infrastructure/adoption score, efforts should be made to focus on digital literacy and exposing residents to the benefits of the technology.



16.4%

population ages 65 and older



ages 25 and older with less than a high school degree



10.7%

of individuals in poverty



7.5%



**13.2%** 

noninstitutionalized civilian population with a disability







## 2017 DIGITAL DIVIDE PROFILE

## Dodge, Wisconsin

The digital divide index score (DDI) ranges between 0 and 100, where a lower score indicates a lower divide. The infrastructure adoption score and the socioeconomic score both in a 0 to 100 range as well contribute to the overall DDI. Listed below each score are the indicators used.

#### Infrastructure/Adoption Score

If this score is much higher than the socioeconomic score, efforts should be made to upgrade the broadband infrastructure.



7.7%

of people without access to fixed broadband of at least 25 Mbps down and 3 Mbps up



20.7%

of households with no internet access



**16.4%** 

of households without a computing device



78.119

average maximum advertised download speed in Mbps



6.572

average maximum advertised upload speed in Mbps

24.87

#### Socioeconomic Score

If this score is much higher than the infrastructure/adoption score, efforts should be made to focus on digital literacy and exposing residents to the benefits of the technology.



16.3%

population ages 65 and older



10.1%

ages 25 and older with less



8.8%

of individuals in poverty



than a high school degree



11.5%

noninstitutionalized civilian population with a disability







### 2017 DIGITAL DIVIDE PROFILE

## Eau Claire, Wisconsin

The digital divide index score (DDI) ranges between 0 and 100, where a lower score indicates a lower divide. The infrastructure adoption score and the socioeconomic score both in a 0 to 100 range as well contribute to the overall DDI. Listed below each score are the indicators used.

18.82

#### Infrastructure/Adoption Score

If this score is much higher than the socioeconomic score, efforts should be made to upgrade the broadband infrastructure.



8.1%

of people without access to fixed broadband of at least 25 Mbps down and 3 Mbps up



15.0%

of households with no internet access



11.8%

of households without a computing device



110.419

average maximum advertised download speed in Mbps



8.084

average maximum advertised upload speed in Mbps

25.81

#### Socioeconomic Score

If this score is much higher than the infrastructure/adoption score, efforts should be made to focus on digital literacy and exposing residents to the benefits of the technology.



14.4%

population ages 65 and older



6.8%

ages 25 and older with less than a high school degree



14.5%

of individuals in poverty





12.6%

noninstitutionalized civilian population with a disability







### 2017 DIGITAL DIVIDE PROFILE

## Florence, Wisconsin

The digital divide index score (DDI) ranges between 0 and 100, where a lower score indicates a lower divide. The infrastructure adoption score and the socioeconomic score both in a 0 to 100 range as well contribute to the overall DDI. Listed below each score are the indicators used.

27.85

#### Infrastructure/Adoption Score

If this score is much higher than the socioeconomic score, efforts should be made to upgrade the broadband infrastructure.



11.4%

of people without access to fixed broadband of at least 25 Mbps down and 3 Mbps up



23.7%

of households with no internet access



16.0%

of households without a computing device



40.316

average maximum advertised download speed in Mbps



3.343

average maximum advertised upload speed in Mbps

40.62

#### Socioeconomic Score

If this score is much higher than the infrastructure/adoption score, efforts should be made to focus on digital literacy and exposing residents to the benefits of the technology.



24.1%

population ages 65 and older



7.4%

ages 25 and older with less than a high school degree



8.4%

of individuals in poverty





18.5%

noninstitutionalized civilian population with a disability







### 2017 DIGITAL DIVIDE PROFILE

## Forest, Wisconsin

The digital divide index score (DDI) ranges between 0 and 100, where a lower score indicates a lower divide. The infrastructure adoption score and the socioeconomic score both in a 0 to 100 range as well contribute to the overall DDI. Listed below each score are the indicators used.

#### Infrastructure/Adoption Score

If this score is much higher than the socioeconomic score, efforts should be made to upgrade the broadband infrastructure.



45.5%

of people without access to fixed broadband of at least 25 Mbps down and 3 Mbps up



**27.6%** 

of households with no internet access



22.0%

of households without a computing device



42.645

average maximum advertised download speed in Mbps



2.211

average maximum advertised upload speed in Mbps

#### Socioeconomic Score

If this score is much higher than the infrastructure/adoption score, efforts should be made to focus on digital literacy and exposing residents to the benefits of the technology.



22.1%

population ages 65 and older



12.4%

ages 25 and older with less



17.5%

of individuals in poverty



than a high school degree



18.2%

noninstitutionalized civilian population with a disability







### 2017 DIGITAL DIVIDE PROFILE

## Iron, Wisconsin

The digital divide index score (DDI) ranges between 0 and 100, where a lower score indicates a lower divide. The infrastructure adoption score and the socioeconomic score both in a 0 to 100 range as well contribute to the overall DDI. Listed below each score are the indicators used.

35.9

#### Infrastructure/Adoption Score

If this score is much higher than the socioeconomic score, efforts should be made to upgrade the broadband infrastructure.



39.1%

of people without access to fixed broadband of at least 25 Mbps down and 3 Mbps up



24.9%

of households with no internet access



**18.1%** 

of households without a computing device



19.857

average maximum advertised download speed in Mbps



1.945

average maximum advertised upload speed in Mbps

#### Socioeconomic Score

If this score is much higher than the infrastructure/adoption score, efforts should be made to focus on digital literacy and exposing residents to the benefits of the technology.



28.6%

population ages 65 and older



ages 25 and older with less than a high school degree



15.2%

of individuals in poverty



6.3%



17.6%

noninstitutionalized civilian population with a disability







### 2017 DIGITAL DIVIDE PROFILE

## Langlade, Wisconsin

The digital divide index score (DDI) ranges between 0 and 100, where a lower score indicates a lower divide. The infrastructure adoption score and the socioeconomic score both in a 0 to 100 range as well contribute to the overall DDI. Listed below each score are the indicators used.

#### Infrastructure/Adoption Score

If this score is much higher than the socioeconomic score, efforts should be made to upgrade the broadband infrastructure.



7.7%

of people without access to fixed broadband of at least 25 Mbps down and 3 Mbps up



25.9%

of households with no internet access



20.4%

of households without a computing device



29.087

average maximum advertised download speed in Mbps



4.591

average maximum advertised upload speed in Mbps

#### Socioeconomic Score

If this score is much higher than the infrastructure/adoption score, efforts should be made to focus on digital literacy and exposing residents to the benefits of the technology.



22.2%

population ages 65 and older



9.3%

than a high school degree



14.8%

of individuals in poverty



ages 25 and older with less



17.9%

noninstitutionalized civilian population with a disability







### 2017 DIGITAL DIVIDE PROFILE

## Marathon, Wisconsin

The digital divide index score (DDI) ranges between 0 and 100, where a lower score indicates a lower divide. The infrastructure adoption score and the socioeconomic score both in a 0 to 100 range as well contribute to the overall DDI. Listed below each score are the indicators used.

#### Infrastructure/Adoption Score

If this score is much higher than the socioeconomic score, efforts should be made to upgrade the broadband infrastructure.



6.9%

of people without access to fixed broadband of at least 25 Mbps down and 3 Mbps up



17.8%

of households with no internet access



14.2%

of households without a computing device



41.087

average maximum advertised download speed in Mbps



3,417

average maximum advertised upload speed in Mbps

#### Socioeconomic Score

If this score is much higher than the infrastructure/adoption score, efforts should be made to focus on digital literacy and exposing residents to the benefits of the technology.



16.2%

population ages 65 and older



ages 25 and older with less than a high school degree



10.3%

of individuals in poverty



8.2%



11.4%

noninstitutionalized civilian population with a disability







### 2017 DIGITAL DIVIDE PROFILE

## Marinette, Wisconsin

The digital divide index score (DDI) ranges between 0 and 100, where a lower score indicates a lower divide. The infrastructure adoption score and the socioeconomic score both in a 0 to 100 range as well contribute to the overall DDI. Listed below each score are the indicators used.

#### Infrastructure/Adoption Score

If this score is much higher than the socioeconomic score, efforts should be made to upgrade the broadband infrastructure.



17.0%

of people without access to fixed broadband of at least 25 Mbps down and 3 Mbps up



23.1%

of households with no internet access



17.9%

of households without a computing device



64.973

average maximum advertised download speed in Mbps



3.897

average maximum advertised upload speed in Mbps

41.00

#### Socioeconomic Score

If this score is much higher than the infrastructure/adoption score, efforts should be made to focus on digital literacy and exposing residents to the benefits of the technology.



22.0%

population ages 65 and older



8.8%

ages 25 and older with less than a high school degree



13.2%

of individuals in poverty





16.7%

noninstitutionalized civilian population with a disability







## 2017 DIGITAL DIVIDE PROFILE

## Oconto, Wisconsin

The digital divide index score (DDI) ranges between 0 and 100, where a lower score indicates a lower divide. The infrastructure adoption score and the socioeconomic score both in a 0 to 100 range as well contribute to the overall DDI. Listed below each score are the indicators used.

#### Infrastructure/Adoption Score

If this score is much higher than the socioeconomic score, efforts should be made to upgrade the broadband infrastructure.



1.4%

of people without access to fixed broadband of at least 25 Mbps down and 3 Mbps up



21.2%

of households with no internet access



16.2%

of households without a computing device



66.737

average maximum advertised download speed in Mbps



3.781

average maximum advertised upload speed in Mbps

30.28

#### Socioeconomic Score

If this score is much higher than the infrastructure/adoption score, efforts should be made to focus on digital literacy and exposing residents to the benefits of the technology.



19.1%

population ages 65 and older



9.5%

ages 25 and older with less than a high school degree



9.1%

of individuals in poverty





13.4%

noninstitutionalized civilian population with a disability







### 2017 DIGITAL DIVIDE PROFILE

## Oneida, Wisconsin

The digital divide index score (DDI) ranges between 0 and 100, where a lower score indicates a lower divide. The infrastructure adoption score and the socioeconomic score both in a 0 to 100 range as well contribute to the overall DDI. Listed below each score are the indicators used.

27.65

#### Infrastructure/Adoption Score

If this score is much higher than the socioeconomic score, efforts should be made to upgrade the broadband infrastructure.



29.4%

of people without access to fixed broadband of at least 25 Mbps down and 3 Mbps up



18.9%

of households with no internet access



**14.2%** 

of households without a computing device



18.721

average maximum advertised download speed in Mbps



1.866

average maximum advertised upload speed in Mbps

36.32

#### Socioeconomic Score

If this score is much higher than the infrastructure/adoption score, efforts should be made to focus on digital literacy and exposing residents to the benefits of the technology.



24.3%

population ages 65 and older



7.7%

ages 25 and older with less than a high school degree



9.0%

of individuals in poverty





14.4%

noninstitutionalized civilian population with a disability







### 2017 DIGITAL DIVIDE PROFILE

## Price, Wisconsin

The digital divide index score (DDI) ranges between 0 and 100, where a lower score indicates a lower divide. The infrastructure adoption score and the socioeconomic score both in a 0 to 100 range as well contribute to the overall DDI. Listed below each score are the indicators used.

40.95

#### Infrastructure/Adoption Score

If this score is much higher than the socioeconomic score, efforts should be made to upgrade the broadband infrastructure.



58.7%

of people without access to fixed broadband of at least 25 Mbps down and 3 Mbps up



24.3%

of households with no internet access



20.1%

of households without a computing device



29.166

average maximum advertised download speed in Mbps



13.567

average maximum advertised upload speed in Mbps

41.88

#### Socioeconomic Score

If this score is much higher than the infrastructure/adoption score, efforts should be made to focus on digital literacy and exposing residents to the benefits of the technology.



23.9%

population ages 65 and older



9.6%

ages 25 and older with less than a high school degree



11.9%

of individuals in poverty





15.9%

noninstitutionalized civilian population with a disability







# 9.69

Digital Divide **Index Score** 

## 2017 DIGITAL DIVIDE PROFILE

## Androscoggin, Maine

The digital divide index score (DDI) ranges between 0 and 100, where a lower score indicates a lower divide. The infrastructure adoption score and the socioeconomic score both in a 0 to 100 range as well contribute to the overall DDI. Listed below each score are the indicators used.

#### Infrastructure/Adoption Score

If this score is much higher than the socioeconomic score, efforts should be made to upgrade the broadband infrastructure.



0.2%

of people without access to fixed broadband of at least 25 Mbps down and 3 Mbps up



18.1%

of households with no internet access



13.4%

of households without a computing device



73.081

average maximum advertised download speed in Mbps



5.906

average maximum advertised upload speed in Mbps

35.73

#### Socioeconomic Score

If this score is much higher than the infrastructure/adoption score, efforts should be made to focus on digital literacy and exposing residents to the benefits of the technology.



16.3%

population ages 65 and older



10.2%

ages 25 and older with less than a high school degree



14.3%

of individuals in poverty





16.3%

noninstitutionalized civilian population with a disability







## 6.55 Digital Divide

**Index Score** 

### 2017 DIGITAL DIVIDE PROFILE

## Aroostook, Maine

The digital divide index score (DDI) ranges between 0 and 100, where a lower score indicates a lower divide. The infrastructure adoption score and the socioeconomic score both in a 0 to 100 range as well contribute to the overall DDI. Listed below each score are the indicators used.

#### Infrastructure/Adoption Score

If this score is much higher than the socioeconomic score, efforts should be made to upgrade the broadband infrastructure.



14.8%

of people without access to fixed broadband of at least 25 Mbps down and 3 Mbps up



26.3%

of households with no internet access



20.2%

of households without a computing device



85.481

average maximum advertised download speed in Mbps



31.474

average maximum advertised upload speed in Mbps

54.60

#### Socioeconomic Score

If this score is much higher than the infrastructure/adoption score, efforts should be made to focus on digital literacy and exposing residents to the benefits of the technology.



22.0%

population ages 65 and older



12.4%

ages 25 and older with less



17.5%

of individuals in poverty



than a high school degree



22.2%

noninstitutionalized civilian population with a disability







### 2017 DIGITAL DIVIDE PROFILE

## Franklin, Maine

The digital divide index score (DDI) ranges between 0 and 100, where a lower score indicates a lower divide. The infrastructure adoption score and the socioeconomic score both in a 0 to 100 range as well contribute to the overall DDI. Listed below each score are the indicators used.

#### Infrastructure/Adoption Score

If this score is much higher than the socioeconomic score, efforts should be made to upgrade the broadband infrastructure.



23.2%

of people without access to fixed broadband of at least 25 Mbps down and 3 Mbps up



18.9%

of households with no internet access



13.6%

of households without a computing device



39.913

average maximum advertised download speed in Mbps



5.545

average maximum advertised upload speed in Mbps

36.91

#### Socioeconomic Score

If this score is much higher than the infrastructure/adoption score, efforts should be made to focus on digital literacy and exposing residents to the benefits of the technology.



20.2%

population ages 65 and older



7.5%

ages 25 and older with less than a high school degree



12.4%

of individuals in poverty





16.7%

noninstitutionalized civilian population with a disability







### 2017 DIGITAL DIVIDE PROFILE

## Hancock, Maine

The digital divide index score (DDI) ranges between 0 and 100, where a lower score indicates a lower divide. The infrastructure adoption score and the socioeconomic score both in a 0 to 100 range as well contribute to the overall DDI. Listed below each score are the indicators used.

#### Infrastructure/Adoption Score

If this score is much higher than the socioeconomic score, efforts should be made to upgrade the broadband infrastructure.



14.3%

of people without access to fixed broadband of at least 25 Mbps down and 3 Mbps up



18.8%

of households with no internet access



13.4%

of households without a computing device



59.597

average maximum advertised download speed in Mbps



7.514

average maximum advertised upload speed in Mbps

35.60

#### Socioeconomic Score

If this score is much higher than the infrastructure/adoption score, efforts should be made to focus on digital literacy and exposing residents to the benefits of the technology.



22.3%

population ages 65 and older



5.8%

ages 25 and older with less than a high school degree



11.6%

of individuals in poverty





15.3%

noninstitutionalized civilian population with a disability







## 2017 DIGITAL DIVIDE PROFILE

## Kennebec, Maine

The digital divide index score (DDI) ranges between 0 and 100, where a lower score indicates a lower divide. The infrastructure adoption score and the socioeconomic score both in a 0 to 100 range as well contribute to the overall DDI. Listed below each score are the indicators used.

#### Infrastructure/Adoption Score

If this score is much higher than the socioeconomic score, efforts should be made to upgrade the broadband infrastructure.



0.8%

of people without access to fixed broadband of at least 25 Mbps down and 3 Mbps up



18.8%

of households with no internet access



**14.2%** 

of households without a computing device



68.191

average maximum advertised download speed in Mbps



6.503

average maximum advertised upload speed in Mbps

36.26

#### Socioeconomic Score

If this score is much higher than the infrastructure/adoption score, efforts should be made to focus on digital literacy and exposing residents to the benefits of the technology.



18.2%

population ages 65 and older



8.7%

ages 25 and older with less than a high school degree



14.1%

of individuals in poverty



16.1%

noninstitutionalized civilian population with a disability







### 2017 DIGITAL DIVIDE PROFILE

## Oxford, Maine

The digital divide index score (DDI) ranges between 0 and 100, where a lower score indicates a lower divide. The infrastructure adoption score and the socioeconomic score both in a 0 to 100 range as well contribute to the overall DDI. Listed below each score are the indicators used.

27.85

#### Infrastructure/Adoption Score

If this score is much higher than the socioeconomic score, efforts should be made to upgrade the broadband infrastructure.



11.3%

of people without access to fixed broadband of at least 25 Mbps down and 3 Mbps up



22.5%

of households with no internet access



**17.2%** 

of households without a computing device



54.568

average maximum advertised download speed in Mbps



5.537

average maximum advertised upload speed in Mbps

#### Socioeconomic Score

If this score is much higher than the infrastructure/adoption score, efforts should be made to focus on digital literacy and exposing residents to the benefits of the technology.



19.8%

population ages 65 and older



8.9%

ages 25 and older with less than a high school degree



15.2%

of individuals in poverty





18.5%

noninstitutionalized civilian population with a disability







### 2017 DIGITAL DIVIDE PROFILE

## Sagadahoc, Maine

The digital divide index score (DDI) ranges between 0 and 100, where a lower score indicates a lower divide. The infrastructure adoption score and the socioeconomic score both in a 0 to 100 range as well contribute to the overall DDI. Listed below each score are the indicators used.

17.60

#### Infrastructure/Adoption Score

If this score is much higher than the socioeconomic score, efforts should be made to upgrade the broadband infrastructure.



2.4%

of people without access to fixed broadband of at least 25 Mbps down and 3 Mbps up



16.7%

of households with no internet access



11.6%

of households without a computing device



296.376

average maximum advertised download speed in Mbps



12.855

average maximum advertised upload speed in Mbps

#### Socioeconomic Score

If this score is much higher than the infrastructure/adoption score, efforts should be made to focus on digital literacy and exposing residents to the benefits of the technology.



20.0%

population ages 65 and older

ages 25 and older with less than a high school degree



11.3%

of individuals in poverty



5.1%



**13.1%** 

noninstitutionalized civilian population with a disability







### 2017 DIGITAL DIVIDE PROFILE

## Washington, Maine

The digital divide index score (DDI) ranges between 0 and 100, where a lower score indicates a lower divide. The infrastructure adoption score and the socioeconomic score both in a 0 to 100 range as well contribute to the overall DDI. Listed below each score are the indicators used.

#### Infrastructure/Adoption Score

If this score is much higher than the socioeconomic score, efforts should be made to upgrade the broadband infrastructure.



17.7%

of people without access to fixed broadband of at least 25 Mbps down and 3 Mbps up



25.1%

of households with no internet access



19.5%

of households without a computing device



41.413

average maximum advertised download speed in Mbps



6.000

average maximum advertised upload speed in Mbps

#### Socioeconomic Score

If this score is much higher than the infrastructure/adoption score, efforts should be made to focus on digital literacy and exposing residents to the benefits of the technology.



22.7%

population ages 65 and older



12.2%

ages 25 and older with less



18.2%

of individuals in poverty



than a high school degree



21.1%

noninstitutionalized civilian population with a disability





